LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021





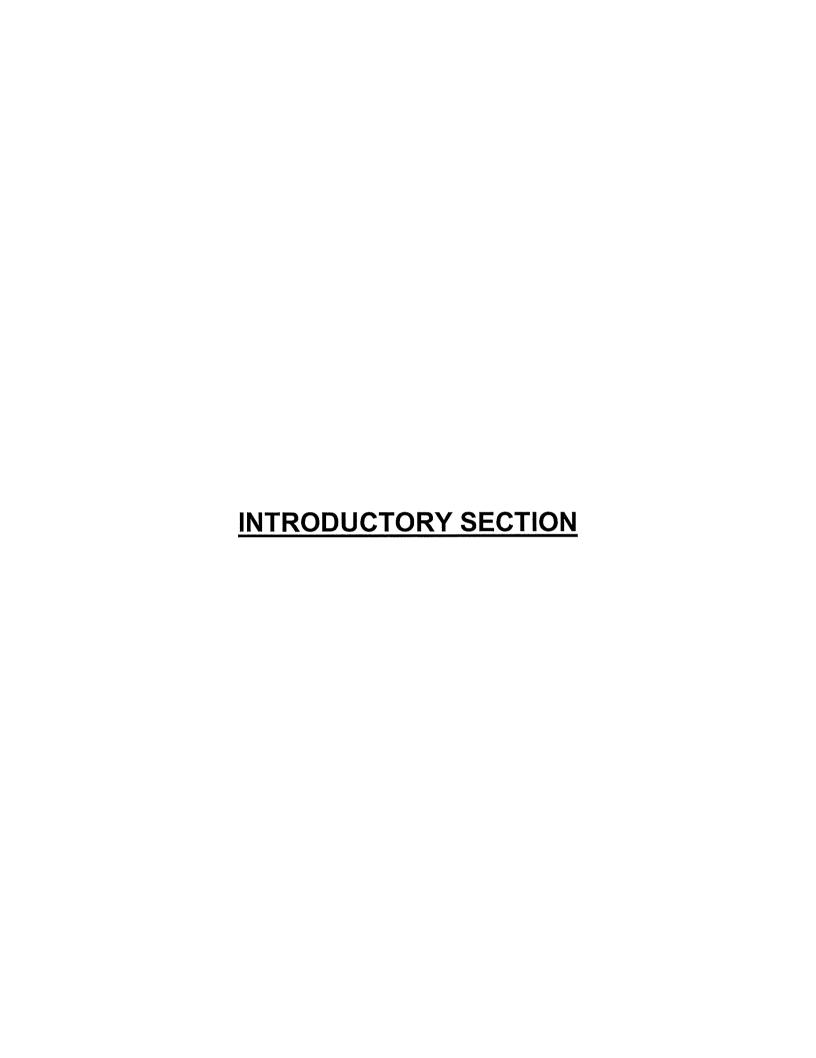
LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

DISTRICT COURT

Starr Bauer

Patrick Flanigan

Judge, 36th Judicial District

Judge, 156th Judicial District

Judge, 343rd Judicial District

Judge, 343rd Judicial District

Jose Aliseda

District Attorney

Melanie Matkin

District Clerk

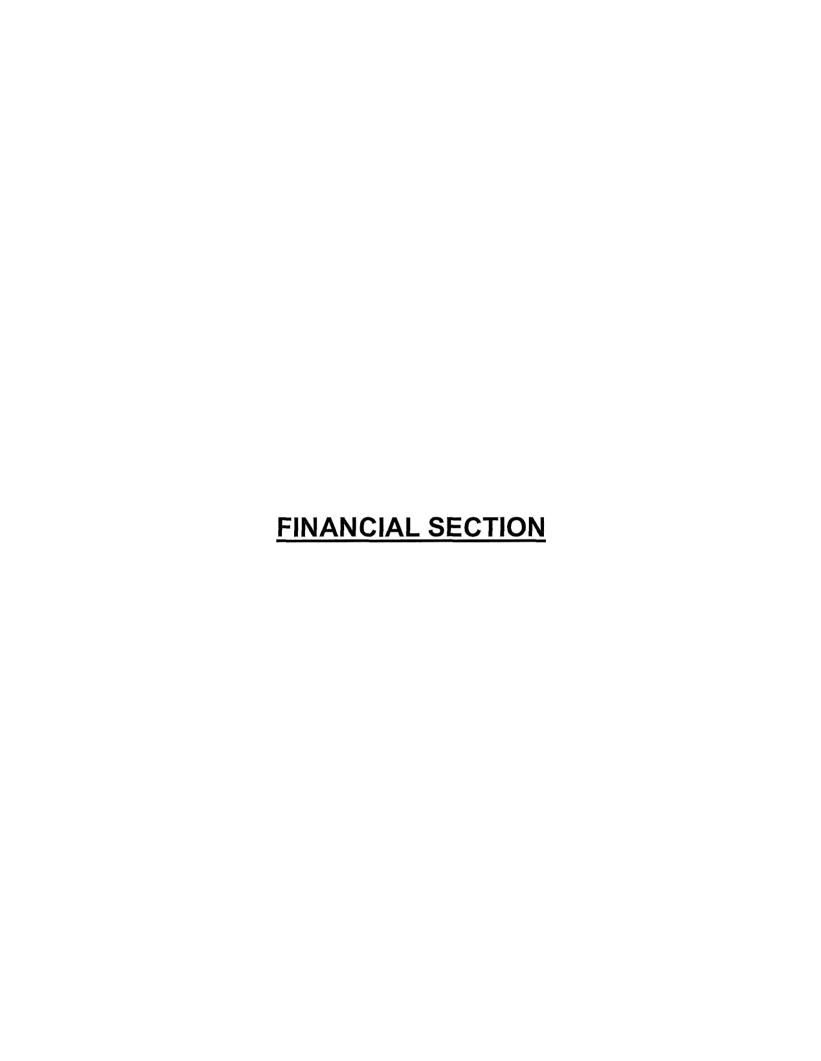
COMMISSIONERS COURT

James W. Huff
County Judge
Richard Lee
Commissioner, Precinct No. 1
Donna Mills
Commissioner, Precinct No. 2
Willie James
Commissioner, Precinct No. 3
Emilio Garza
Commissioner, Precinct No. 4

OTHER COUNTY OFFICIALS

Larry Busby
Ida Vasquez
County Clerk
Dwayne McWilliams
County Attorney
Natalie Cooper
County Auditor
Kitley Wasicek
County Treasurer
Deanna Atkinson
Tax Assessor-Collector







fax



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Court Live Oak County, Texas George West, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Live Oak County, Texas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Live Oak County, Texas, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Live Oak County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Live Oak County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Live Oak County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Live Oak County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, and schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents as well as notes to the required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Live Oak County, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially

and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 8, 2023, on our consideration of Live Oak County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Live Oak County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Live Oak County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lover + Kieschnick, 228

September 8, 2023





LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(UNAUDITED)

This discussion and analysis of Live Oak County's (County) financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net Position The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Live Oak County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2021 by \$65,217,153 (presented as "net position"). Of this amount \$44,387,615 was reported as "unrestricted net position." Unrestricted net position represents the amount not restricted by parties outside the County.

<u>Changes in Net Position</u> The County's total net position increased by \$4,612,589 (an 8% increase) in fiscal year 2021. The County only had governmental activities during the 2021 year.

<u>Fund Highlights: Governmental Funds – Fund Balances</u> As of the close of fiscal year 2021, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$42,911,749 which was an increase of \$4,040,563 in comparison with the prior year. At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$15,784,063 equal to 146% of total general fund expenditures including transfers to other funds.

<u>Long-term Debt</u> On April 27, 2006 the County issued Certificates of Obligation for \$8,000,000 for the purpose of constructing a new county justice center. Outstanding debt on these obligations was \$4,340,000 at December 31, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to private sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

These statements include all assets of the County (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position contrasted with budgetary decisions should serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year using full accrual basis of accounting. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains thirteen individual governmental funds (excluding fiduciary funds): eleven special revenue funds, the Debt Service Fund, and the General Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund, which are classified as major funds. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and for all Special Revenue Funds, except the Sheriff State Forfeiture, Sheriff Abandoned Vehicle, Jail Commissary, Library, and the Buyout funds. The Required Supplementary Information includes a budgetary comparison schedule (original versus final) for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund to demonstrate compliance with budget. Budgetary comparison schedules are also included as other Supplementary Information for the nonmajor governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the County's other financial statements since the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning general fund and major special revenue budgetary schedules and pension plan funding progress.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Of the County's total assets of \$87,496,916 the largest components are: 1) cash and cash equivalents of \$42,913,663 or 49%, 2) investments of \$11,326,025 or 13%, 3) receivables which largely represent the unavailable taxes for FY2021 of \$7,825,754 or 9%, and 4) capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, \$24,834,457 or 29%. The tax receivables are offset by deferred inflows of resources: unearned 2021 tax revenues and advanced tax collections, since the FY2021 tax revenue is not recognized until FY2022 even though the levy takes place in FY2021. Capital assets are non-liquid assets and cannot be utilized to satisfy County obligations. Liabilities consist of current liabilities of \$2,970,780 and noncurrent liabilities of \$4,911,201.

(Continued)

The County's net position for fiscal years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020*	Total Percentage Change 2021-2020
Current and other assets	62,662,459	56,080,441	12%
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	24,834,457	24,990,164	-1%
Total assets	87,496,916	81,070,605	8%
Deferred outflows of resources	2,168,195	1,724,426	26%
Current and other liabilities	2,970,780	878,587	238%
Long-term liabilities	4,911,201	5,214,733	-6%
Total liabilities	7,881,981	6,093,320	29%
Deferred inflow of resources	16,565,977	16,097,147	3%
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	20,494,457	20,310,164	1%
Restricted	335,081	270,544	24%
Unrestricted	44,387,615	40,023,856	11%
Total net position	65,217,153	60,604,564	8%

^{*}Restated.

Net Position — *Net position* may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County government's financial position. Live Oak County's combined net position (government activities) totaled \$65,217,153 at the end of fiscal year 2021 compared to \$60,604,564 at the end of the previous year.

Of the County's total net position, 31% reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, major improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (road and bridges), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Live Oak County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,612,589. The key components of this change are the following:

Live Oak County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
			Total Percentage
	2021	2020	Change 2021-2020
Revenues:			
Net Program revenues:			
Charges for services	3,163,412	3,036,797	4%
Operating grants and contributions	1,512,722	432,979	249%
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	0%
General revenues:			
Property taxes	14,954,852	14,438,506	4%
Sales taxes	2,262,840	1,754,562	29%
Investment earnings	96,965	392,691	-75%
Total revenues	21,990,791	20,055,535	10%
Expenses:			
General Administration	941,560	1,414,571	-33%
Judicial	679,418	682,813	0%
Financial	1,671,934	1,530,845	9%
Legal	877,978	908,217	-3%
Public Facilities	456,162	519,004	-12%
Environmental Protection	207,204	220,009	-6%
Public Safety	5,201,380	4,747,436	10%
Highways, Streets and Bridges	5,761,518	4,615,226	25%
Health and Welfare	841,999	902,701	-7%
Culture and Recreation	180,638	148,196	22%
Conservation	163,376	39,891	310%
Airport	207,197	171,162	21%
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	187,838	202,404	-7%
Total expenses	17,378,202	16,102,475	8%
Change in net position	4,612,589	3,953,060	17%
Net positionbeginning (Restated)	60,604,564	56,651,504	7%
Net positionending	65,217,153	60,604,564	8%

Program revenues and expenses are presented net of interfund eliminations.

Key elements of the analysis of government-wide revenues and expenses reflect the following:

- Program revenues of \$4,676,134 equaled 27% of government expenses of \$17,378,202. As expected, general revenues (\$17,314,657) provided the required support and coverage for expenses.
- The largest category of expenses is Highways, Streets and Bridges (\$5,761,518), with \$1,182,180 in revenues, or about 5% of total revenues.
- The next largest category of expenses is Public Safety (\$5,201,380) with \$887,016 in revenues, or about 4% of total revenues.
- General Administration was the only function where expenses did not exceed program revenues.
- Grant revenues and contributions comprised about 7% of revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund accounting and budget controls have been the framework of the County's strong fiscal management and accountability.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are reported in the General and Special Revenue Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's annual financing and budgeting requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,911,749, an increase of \$4,040,563 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$15,784,063 or 37% of the fund balance represents unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$15,784,063 while total fund balance of all governmental funds reached \$42,911,749. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, we compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 146% of total fund expenditures and transfers out.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For FY2021, actual expenditures were \$10,368,928 compared to the budget amount of \$12,960,972.

For FY2021, actual revenues were \$12,108,135 as compared to the budget amount of \$8,088,901.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2021 the County had \$43,845,814 invested in capital assets, including land, park and recreation facilities, buildings, roads, bridges and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$155,707, or 1% less than last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End

	Governmental Activities		
			Total Percentage
	2021	2020	Change 2021-2020
Land	3,346,162	3,346,162	0%
Construction in Progress	49,598	2,840,969	-98%
Buildings and Improvements	17,327,429	14,479,584	20%
Equipment and Vehicles	11,487,162	10,548,084	9%
Infrastructure	11,635,463_	11,371,271	2%
Subtotal	43,845,814	42,586,070	3%
Accumulated depreciation	(19,011,357)	(17,595,906)	8%
Capital assets, net	24,834,457	24,990,164	-1%

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> On April 27, 2006 the County issued Certificates of Obligation for \$8,000,000 for the purpose of constructing a new county justice center. Outstanding debt on these obligations was \$4,340,000 at December 31, 2021.

The County's bonded debt at December 31, 2021 was \$4,340,000, a decrease of \$340,000 or a 7% decrease compared to last year.

Long-term Obligations at Year-End

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)
Certificates of Obligation	4,340,000	4,680,000	(340,000)
Compensated Absences	170,324	178,697	(8,373)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(597,017)	(317,333)	(279,684)
Net OPEB	400,877	356,036	44,841
Totals	4,314,184	4,897,400	(583,216)

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office at P.O. Box 699, George West, Texas 78022.





ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	42,913,663
Investments	11,326,025
Receivables	4 054 000
Taxes Receivable	4,251,802
Due from Others	3,573,952
Capital Assets	3.346.162
Land	49,598
Construction in Progress	17,327,429
Buildings and Improvements Equipment and Vehicles	11,487,162
Infrastructure	11,635,463
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(19,011,357)
Net Pension Asset	597,017
HOLL CHOIGH MOSC	007,017
TOTAL ASSETS	87,496,916
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	2,073,052
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	95,143
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,168,195
LIABILITIES	EGO 476
Accounts Payable	568,476 88,056
Accrued Wages Interest Payable	77,758
Unearned Revenue	2,236,490
Noncurrent Liabilities	2,200,100
Due Within One Year	525,324
Due in More Than One Year	3,985,000
Net OPEB Liability	400,877
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,881,981
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 122 721
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	3,428,524
Advanced Tax Collections	12,008,869
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	1,097,664
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	30,920
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,565,977
NET POSITION	
Net Investment In Capital Assets	20,494,457
Restricted For:	
Federal and State Programs	284,237
Debt Service	50,844
Unrestricted	44,387,615
TOTAL NET POSITION	65,217,153

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Program Reve	enues
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
General Administration	941,560	1,938,394	120,737	-
Judicial	679,418	-	-	-
Financial	1,671,934	-	-	-
Legal	877,978	-	-	-
Public Facilities	456,162	-	-	-
Environmental Protection	207,204	-	-	-
Public Safety	5,201,380	340,321	546,695	-
Highways, Streets and Bridges	5,761,518	714,232	467,948	-
Health and Welfare	841,999	82,558	281,556	-
Culture and Recreation	180,638	-	-	-
Conservation	163,376	7,070	-	-
Airport	207,197	80,837	95,786	-
Interest on Long Term Debt	187,838	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	17,378,202	3,163,412	1,512,722	_

General Revenues
Property Taxes
Sales Taxes
Investment Earnings
Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position Net Position-Beginning, as restated Net Position-Ending

Exhibit 2

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental

1,117,571 (679,418) (1,671,934) (877,978) (456,162) (207,204) (4,314,364) (4,579,338) (477,885) (180,638) (156,306) (30,574) (187,838)

(12,702,068)

14,954,852

2,262,840
96,965
17,314,657
4,612,589
60,604,564
65,217,153

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	GENERAL FUND	ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,722,770	28,603,156
Investments	8,198,886	3,127,139
Receivables		
Taxes Receivable	1,871,120	2,222,679
Due From Others	502,748	796,114
Due From Other Funds		
TOTAL ASSETS	23,295,524	34,749,088
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	309,275	221,987
Due to Other Funds	~	-
Accrued Wages	69,762	17,242
Unearned Revenue		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	379,037	239,229
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes Advanced Tax Collections TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	368,156 1,502,964 5,261,304 7,132,424	415,584 1,807,095 6,332,864 8,555,543
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt Service Public Safety Committed Repeated In:	-	<u>-</u>
Commited, Reported In: Special Revenue Funds Unassigned, Reported In:	-	25,954,316
General Fund	15,784,063	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	15,784,063	25,954,316
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	23,295,524	34,749,088

Exhibit 3

NONMAJOR	TOTAL.
GOVERNMENTAL	GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS	FUNDS
1,587,737	42,913,663
-	11,326,025
158,003	4,251,802
2,275,090	3,573,952
,,,,,,,,	-
4,020,830	62,065,442
37,214	568,476
-	-
1,052	88,056
2,236,490_	2,236,490
2,274,756	2,893,022
20 520	000 070
39,538	823,278
118,465	3,428,524
414,701	12,008,869
572,704	16,260,671
89,064	89,064
284,237	284,237
,	,
800,069	26,754,385
-	15,784,063
1,173,370	42,911,749
4 000 000	60,005,440
4,020,830	62,065,442



LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	42,911,749
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	24,834,457
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	823,278
Other long-term liabilities which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds	(170,324)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(4,340,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(77,758)
Recognition of County's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) is not reported in the funds.	597,017
Recognition of County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) is not reported in the funds.	(400,877)
Deferred resource outflows/inflows related to pensions are not reported in the funds. Deferred resource outflows/inflows related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	975,388 64,223
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position	65,217,153

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	GENERAL FUND	ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
REVENUES		
Taxes	8,809,927	7,789,217
Licenses and Permits	28,676	492,224
Intergovernmental	1,049,874	544,430
Fees	1,600,996	-
Fines and Forfeitures	519,241	400.704
Investment Income	(9,468)	102,761
Other	108,889	31,389
Total Revenues	12,108,135	8,960,021
EXPENDITURES		
Current	047.000	
General Administration	917,033	-
Judicial	645,929	474 440
Financial	1,489,595	174,112
Legal	868,670	-
Public Facilities	363,097	-
Environmental Protection	E 020 222	-
Public Safety	5,039,323	- - 000 EE7
Highways, Streets and Bridges	740 404	6,283,557
Health and Welfare	748,494 472,534	-
Culture and Recreation	173,521 123,266	-
Conservation	123,200	-
Airport	-	-
Debt Service		
Principal Retirement	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	40.260.020	- AF7 660
Total Expenditures	10,368,928	6,457,669
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures	1,739,207	2,502,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers In	(AEC 4C7)	-
Transfers Out	(456,167)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(456,167)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,283,040	2,502,352
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (Restated)	14,501,023	23,451,964
Fund Balances at End of Year	15,784,063	25,954,316
Tana Balanoo at End of Todi	, , , , , , , ,	

Exhibit 4

NONMAJOR	TOTAL	
GOVERNMENTAL	GOVERNMENTAL	
FUNDS	FUNDS	
548,051	17,147,195 520,900	
115,169	1,709,473	
488,991	2,089,987	
-	519,241	
3,672	96,965	
96,949	237,227	
1,252,832	22,320,988	
44,458	961,491	
33,489	679,418	
9,308	1,663,707 877,978 363,097	
207,204	207,204	
252,592	5,291,915	
73,3 4 9 17,767	6,283,557 821,843 191,288	
11,378	134,644	
270,353	270,353	
340,000	340,000	
193,930	193,930	
1,453,828	18,280,425	
1,433,020	10,200,420	
(200,996)	4,040,563	
456,167	456,167	
	(456,167)	
456,167		
255,171	4,040,563	
918,199	38,871,186	
1,173,370	42,911,749	

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO
THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	4,040,563
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	1,389,018
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,518,487)
The gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(26,238)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the	(,,
change in these amounts this year.	70,497
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an	
expense in the SOA.	340,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to	
end of period.	6,092
The (increase) decrease in compensated absences liability does not require the use	
of current financial resources but is recorded as a decrease in expenses. in the statement of activities.	8,374
Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and	0,374
recorded as deferred resource outflows	328,567
Implementing GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and	00,001
recorded as deferred resource outflows	(25,797)
Change in net assets of governmental activities - statement of activities	4,612,589

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments	792,323 - -
Total Assets	792,323
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable Due to Others	-
Total Liabilities	-
NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals or organizations	792,323
Total Net Position	792,323

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR DECEMBER 31, 2021

Contributions: From other governments From individuals Investment interest Taxes and fees collected for other governments Miscellaneous Total Additions DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety Total Deductions Total Deductions Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending 106,270 20,619,959 14,351 Total povernments 20,730,580 20,730,580 20,939,918 14,245 134,308 21,088,471 Net position - beginning 1,150,214 Net position - ending 792,323	ADDITIONS	
From individuals Investment interest Investmen	Contributions:	
Investment interest Taxes and fees collected for other governments Miscellaneous Total Additions DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety Total Deductions Total Deductions Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position Net position - beginning 4,351 4,351 4,351 4,351 20,730,580 20,939,918 14,245 134,308 14,245 134,308	From other governments	·
Taxes and fees collected for other governments Miscellaneous Total Additions DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety Total Deductions Total Deductions Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position Net position - beginning 1,150,214	From individuals	
Miscellaneous - Total Additions 20,730,580 DEDUCTIONS	Investment interest	4,351
Total Additions 20,730,580 DEDUCTIONS	Taxes and fees collected for other governments	-
DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety Total Deductions Total Deductions Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position Net position - beginning 20,939,918 14,245 134,308 21,088,471 (357,891)	Miscellaneous	-
DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety Total Deductions Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position Net position - beginning 20,939,918 14,245 134,308 21,088,471 (357,891)	Total Additions	20 730 580
Recipient payments Administrative expenses Public safety 14,245 Public safety 134,308 Total Deductions 21,088,471 Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (357,891) Net position - beginning 1,150,214	Total Additions	20,730,300
Administrative expenses Public safety 14,245 Public safety 134,308 Total Deductions 21,088,471 Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (357,891) Net position - beginning 1,150,214	DEDUCTIONS	
Public safety 134,308 Total Deductions 21,088,471 Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (357,891) Net position - beginning 1,150,214	Recipient payments	20,939,918
Total Deductions 21,088,471 Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (357,891) Net position - beginning 1,150,214	Administrative expenses	· ·
Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (357,891) Net position - beginning 1,150,214	Public safety	134,308
Net position - beginning 1,150,214	Total Deductions	21,088,471
	Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position	(357,891)
	Net position - beginning	1,150,214
	,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Live Oak County, Texas (the County) was organized in 1856. The County operates using a commission form of government under the statutes and the Constitution of the State of Texas. The County (government) provides various services to advance the welfare, health, morals, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its inhabitants.

The financial statements of Live Oak County, Texas have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The financial statements include all the funds and account groups of the County. There are no component units applicable to the County. Therefore, the primary government (Live Oak County) is the same as the reporting entity. The County is not a component unit of any other entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the County. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County had no business-type activities in 2021.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The County segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The County had no proprietary activities in 2021.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund -

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, judicial, public welfare, health services and capital acquisition.

Road and Bridge Fund -

<u>The Road and Bridge Fund</u> is a special revenue fund that accounts for current funds used for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Custodial Funds -

These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Major revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes which were levied in September 2021, and became due October 1, 2021, have been assessed to

finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2022 and, accordingly, have been reflected as taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources: deferred revenues—property taxes, and advanced tax collections in the fund financial statements at December 31, 2021.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

D. Encumbrances

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are either canceled or appropriations are provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

E. Investments

The County can legally invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government and its Agencies or instrumentalities, State obligations, local government investment pools and certain money market funds.

The County has implemented GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." As a governmental entity other than an external investment pool, in accordance with GASB 31 the County's investments are stated at market value, except for money market investments with remaining maturity of one year or less when purchased and nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts.

F. Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the County in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

G. Inventories

The County records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory. Inventory at year end is immaterial.

H. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other

interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on capital assets.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	50	Years
Infrastructure	20-30	Years
Equipment and Furniture	5-10	Years
Improvements	10-20	Years
Vehicles	3-10	Years

J. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation leave for all full-time and most regular part-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. Vacation leave accrues at a rate of 1 day per month and can accrue up to a maximum of 18 days. All vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Sick leave is accrued at 1 day per month and is cumulative up to 90 days. It is not convertible to vacation leave or additional pay. The cost of sick leave is recognized when payments are made to employees. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

K. Net Position and Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net invested in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net invested in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net invested in capital asset does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the County (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments). All other net position is considered unrestricted.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the Commissioners Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners Court removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Commissioners Court. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Commissioners Court or by an official or body to which the Commissioners Court delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation Action Taken

In the Road and Bridge Fund certain functional expenditures exceeded appropriations.

In the future the budget will be amended to cover approved expenditures.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit
Fund Name Amount Remarks
None Reported Not Applicable Not Applicable

N. Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB 87"), requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. GASB 87 will be implemented by the County in fiscal year 2022 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The County will assess and implement this Statement where necessary in fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* – ("GASB 92"), objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB

92 will be implemented by the County in fiscal year 2022 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates – ("GASB 93"), some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) - most noticeably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. GASB 93 will be implemented by the County in fiscal year 2022 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability. A government should recognize the subscription liability at the commencement of the subscription term, - which is when the subscription asset is placed into service. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements that limit the applicability of fiduciary activity rules to defined contributions plans, are effective immediately. The requirements related to accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

A. Authorized Investments

The County is authorized to invest in obligations and instruments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act (Sec. 2256.001 Texas Government Code). Such investments include (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) obligations of political subdivisions rated not less than A by a national investment rating firm, (4) certificates of deposit, and (5) other instruments and obligations authorized by statute.

B. Deposits and Investments

Cash and Deposits are as follows:

Cash and Deposits

	2021
Bank Deposits	
Demand Deposits	43,666,916
Non-negotiable Certificate of Deposit	33,690
Cash and Cash Equivalents Petty Cash on Hand	5,380
1 city dash on Hand	
Total Cash and Deposits	43,705,986

During the year ended December 31, 2021, deposits were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments

	Market Value
Type of Security	December 31, 2021
Investments	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	7,284,988
Money Market	4,041,037
Total Investments	11,326,025
Total Cash and Deposits	43,705,986
Total Deposits and Investments	55,032,011

As of December 31, 2021, the County had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 3	4 to 5	
Certificates of Deposit	7,284,988	2,271,599	5,013,389	-	
Money Market	4,041,037	4,041,037		-	
Total Fair Value	11,326,025	6,312,636	5,013,389	100	

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with state law and County policy, the County does not purchase any investments with maturities greater than 5 years.

Credit Risk – In accordance with state law and the County's investment policy, investments in mutual funds and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, counties, etc. must be rated at least A.

Concentration of Credit Risk -- The County does not place a limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. The County does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk -- For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a custodial credit risk.

C. Fair Value Measurements

Live Oak County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Live Oak County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31:

		Using		
Investment Type	12/31/21	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of Deposit	7,284,988	-	7,284,988	_
Total Fair Value	7,284,988	-	7,284,988	-

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance January 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	3,346,162		_	3,346,162
Construction in Progress	2,840,969	3,235	2,794,606	49,598
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,187,131	3,235	2,794,606	3,395,760
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and Improvements	14,479,584	2,874,170	26,325	17,327,429
Equipment and Vehicles	10,548,084	1,042,026	102,948	11,487,162
Infrastructure	11,371,271	264,192_		11,635,463
Total capital assets, being depreciated	36,398,939	4,180,388	129,273	40,450,054
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(3,910,292)	(335,146)	(14,920)	(4,230,518)
Equipment and Vehicles	(8,220,692)	(756,866)	(88,116)	(8,889,442)
Infrastructure	(5,464,922)	(426,475)		(5,891,397)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,595,906)	(1,518,487)	(103,036)	(19,011,357)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	18,803,033	2,661,901	26,237	21,438,697
Governmental activities capital assets, net	24,990,164	2,665,136	2,820,843	24,834,457

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County for the 2021 year as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Administration	28,861
Judicial	
Financial	8,227
Public Facilities	93,065
Public Safety	429,047
Highways, Streets and Bridges	784,930
Health and Welfare	20,156
Culture and Recreation	5,546
Conservation	28,732
Airport	119,923
Total Depreciation Expense	1,518,487

4. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Description	Original Debt	Interest Rate Payable	Balance January 1	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Long-term Obligations: Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016	8,000,000	4.30%	4,680,000	-	340,000	4,340,000	355,000
Compensated Absences			178,697	170,324	178697	170,324	170,324
Net Pension Liability (Asset)			(317,333)	4,060,545	4,340,229	(597,017)	-
Net OPEB Liability			356,036	65,597	20,756	400,877	-
Total Governmental Activities							
Long-term Obligations		_	4,897,400	4,296,466	4,879,682	4,314,184	525,324

Debt service payments for the Certificates of Obligation are paid by the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements for the Certificates of Obligation for years subsequent to December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	355,000	178,988	533,988	
2023	370,000	163,400	533,400	
2024	385,000	147,168	532,168	
2025	405,000	130,182	535,182	
2026	420,000	112,445	532,445	
2027-2031	2,405,000	<u>267,567</u>	2,672,567	
TOTALS	4,340,000	999,750	5,339,750	

Defeased Bonds Outstanding - None

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Levy and Collection -

Taxes levied by the County are levied and collected through the offices of the Live Oak County Tax Assessor-Collector. Ad valorem taxes are due and payable from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year without interest or penalty. On February 1, unpaid taxes become subject to penalty and interest charges.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title to the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years after the time such taxes become delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid. A lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1.

Taxes Receivable and Advance Tax Collections -

In the Governmental Funds, Current and Delinquent Taxes Receivable have been reported as Taxes Receivable in the assets section of the various balance sheets where applicable and offset as unavailable revenues—property taxes and deferred revenues—property taxes in the deferred inflows of resources section. The Taxes Receivable is shown net of allowances for uncollectible accounts.

The County begins to collect taxes in October, levied for the subsequent year's budget. These advance tax collections are recognized in the deferred inflows of resources section of the various balance sheets where applicable in both the governmental funds and the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Appraisal District -

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the county-wide appraisal district. The Live Oak County Appraisal District (the District) is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the District on the basis of one hundred (100) percent of its market value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The District, which began its appraisal and equalization functions in 1982, is governed by a Board of Directors elected by the governing bodies of certain taxing entities in the District. The Board of Directors appoints a Chief Appraiser to act as chief administrator of the Appraisal District and an Appraisal Review Board to equalize appraised values.

The County may challenge appraised values established by the District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County continues to set tax rates on County property. However, if the "effective tax rate" (excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations adjusted for new improvements) exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than eight (8) percent, qualified voters of the County may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than eight (8) percent above the tax rate for the previous year. This legislation also provides that, if mandated by the qualified voters in the District, the collection function must be placed with the District.

Tax Rate -

The effective tax rate for the 2020 levy year was \$0.49602 per \$100 assessed valuation. This tax rate was used for fiscal year 2021 operations. The 2021 tax roll is to be used for 2022 operations and its tax rate is \$0.49602 per \$100 valuation.

6. **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds are as follows:

	Property Taxes	Intergovernmental	Other	Total
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	1,871,120	502,748	-	2,373,868
Road and Bridge Fund	2,222,680	796,114	-	3,018,794
Non-Major Governmental Funds	158,002	2,274,865	225	2,433,092
Totals	4,251,802	3,573,727	225	7,825,754

7. **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

Deferred inflows of resources at year end consisted of the following:

	General	Road and Bridge	Non-Major Governmental	
Description	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	368,156	415,584	39,537	823,277
Deferred revenues - property taxes	1,502,964	1,807,096	118,465	3,428,525
Advanced tax collections	5,261,304	6,332,864	414,701	12,008,869
Total deferred revenue	7,132,424	8,555,544	572,703	16,260,671

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payabl	es:		
Balances due to and due from ot	her funds at Decemb	er 31, 2021, con	sisted of the following:
Due to Fund Due	e From Fund	Amount	Purpose
There were no interfund receivables a	nd payables at Decei	mber 31, 2021.	
Interfund transfers:			
	Trans	sfer In:	
	Nonmajor		
	Governmenta	1	
	Funds	Total	
Transfer Out:	1 ulus		
General Fur	nd <u>456,167</u>	<u>456,167</u>	

Interfund transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds were to supplement other funds sources.

9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its eligible employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system which consists of 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS, in the aggregate, issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted and may be amended by the governing body of the County within the options available in the Texas State statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum and who are not eligible to retire are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employees' deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act, so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is

calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employerfinanced monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Membership Information

Members	Dec. 31, 2019	Dec. 31, 2020
Number of inactive employees entitled		
to but not yet receiving benefits:	95	93
Number of active employees	133	134
Average monthly salary*:	\$3,169	\$3,406
Average age*:	49.5	48.98
Average length of service in years*:	10.76	11.16
	G.	
Inactive Employees (or their Beneficiaries) Receiving B	enetits	
Number of benefit recipients:	71	74
Average monthly benefit:	\$903	\$905

^{*}Averages reported for all active employees.

Funding Policy

The County has elected the Annually Determined Contribution Rate plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 12.46% of covered payroll for the months of the calendar year in 2021.

The deposit rate payable by all employee members for the calendar year 2021 is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

The TCDRS board hires independent outside consulting actuaries to conduct an annual valuation to measure the funding status and to determine the required employer contribution rate for each employer plan. In order to calculate the employer contribution rate, the actuary does the following:

- 1. Studies each employer's adopted plan of benefits and the profile of its plan participants, and uses assumptions established by the board to estimate future benefit payments.
- 2. Discounts the estimate of future benefit payments to the present based on the long-term rate of investment return to determine the present value of future benefits.
- 3. Compares the present value of future benefits with the plan's assets to determine the difference that needs to be funded based on the funding policy.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

> Inflation 2.50% Salary Increases 5.00% 7.50% Investment Rate of Return

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 -December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar Valuation Timing

year basis, as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal

year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal(1)

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing period 5 years

Recognition method Non-asymptotic

Corridor None

2.50% Inflation

Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including Salary Increases

inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.60%, gross of administrative expenses

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Live Oak County are not considered to

> be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is

included in the funding valuation.

Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to Retirement Age

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average

age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality	
Depositing members	90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non- depositing members	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

⁽¹⁾Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	5.70%

REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2021 TCDRS Board meeting.

Depletion of Plan Assets/GASB Discount Rate

The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with

⁽²⁾Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.0%, per Cliffwater's 2021 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer, TCDRS used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. The alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the County's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, a discount rate of 7.60% was used. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
Changes in Net Pension	Liability	Net Position	Liability / (Asset)
Liability / (Asset)	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2019	23,410,417	23,727,749	(317,333)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	797,330	••	797,330
Interest on total pension liability (1)	1,921,271	-	1,921,271
Effect of plan changes (2)	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(296,342)	-	(296,342)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	1,322,366	-	1,322,366
Refund of contributions	(192,864)	(192,864)	-

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Benefit payments	(803,228)	(803,228)	
Administrative expenses	-	(19,578)	19,578
Member contributions	-	385,641	(385,641)
Net investment income	-	2,452,413	(2,452,413)
Employer contributions	-	1,186,438	(1,186,438)
Other ⁽³⁾		19,395	(19,395)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	26,158,950	26,755,966	(597,017)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the Live Oak County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.60%	7.60%	8.60%
Total pension liability	29,271,105	26,158,949	23,524,215
Fiduciary net position	26,755,966	26,755,966	26,755,966
Net pension liability / (asset)	2,515,139	(597,017)	(3,231,751)
` '			

Pension Expense / (Income)

	January 1, 2020 to
	December 31, 2020
Service cost	797,330
Interest on total pension liability (1)	1,921,271
Effect of plan changes	-
Administrative expenses	19,578
Member contributions	(385,641)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(1,944,814)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(189,164)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	383,540
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(232,168)
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(232, 100)

⁽²⁾No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	(19,395)
Pension expense / (income) 350,53	350,537

⁽¹⁾Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources

As of December 31, 2020, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

D - f - - 1 O . . + f | -

	Deterred Inflows	Deferred Outflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	267,739	15,715
Changes of assumptions	-	991,774
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	829,925	-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	1,065,563
Total	1,097,664	2,073,052

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	December	31	:
------------	----------	----	---

2021	(41,202)
2022	235,194
2023	(182,648)
2024	(101,519)
2025	-
Thereafter	-

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Live Oak County participates in the retiree Group Term Life (GTL) program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected participation in the retiree Group Term Life program are included in the OPEB plan. The plan provides \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit. No future increases are assumed in the \$5,000 benefit amount. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.

Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program Is optional and the employer may elect to opt out (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year. The county's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Membership Information

Members	Dec. 31, 2019	Dec. 31, 2020
Number of inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits ⁽¹⁾ :	22	23
Number of active employees:	133	134
Average age of active employees:	49.50	48.98
Average length of service in years for active employees:	10.76	11.16
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits ⁽¹⁾		
Number of benefit recipients ⁽¹⁾	61	63

^{(1) &}quot;Receiving benefits" indicates the member is retired and receiving monthly pension benefits, and his or her beneficiary is eligible for the \$5,000 lump sum upon the retiree's death.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization Method Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life		
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life		
Asset Valuation Method	Does not apply		
Inflation	Does not apply		
Salary Increases	Does not apply		
Investment Rate of Return	2.12%20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2020		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Does not apply		

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Disability Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit

payments regardless of age. Rates of disability are in a custom table

based on TCDRS experience.

Mortality

Depositing members

90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and

non-depositing members

130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale

after 2014.

Disabled retirees 130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males

and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale

after 2014.

Retirement Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the

later of:

a) age 60

b) earliest retirement eligibility

For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to

occur immediately.

Total OPEB Liability

December 31, 2019 December 31, 2020

Total OPEB Liability 356,036 400,877

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below.

Discount Rate

Discount Rate⁽¹⁾ 2.74% 2.12%

Long-term expected

rate of return, net of Does not apply Does not apply

investment expense⁽¹⁾

Municipal bond rate⁽¹⁾ 2.74% 2.12%

(1)The OPEB plan has been determined to be an unfunded OPEB plan; therefore, only the municipal bond rate applies.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Sensitive Analysis

The following shows the Total OPEB Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the Live Oak County Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.12%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB Liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

Current	1%
Discount Rate	Increase
2.12%	3.12%
	Discount Rate

Total OPEB Liability 481,323 400,877 338,894

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Changes in Total OPEB Liability
OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2019	356,036
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	15,306
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	10,040
Changes of benefit terms ⁽²⁾	~
Effect of economic/demographic experience	(10,840)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs(3)	40,251
Benefit payments	(9,916)
Other	-
OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2020	400,877

⁽¹⁾Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾No plan changes valued

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate.

OPEB Expenses / (Income)

	January 1, 2020 to December/31/2020
Service cost	15,306
Interest on total OPEB liability(1)	10,040
Effect on plan changes	-
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(4,372)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	15,154
Other	-
OPEB expense / (income)	36,128

⁽¹⁾Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources

As of December 31, 2020, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

-	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	16,394	2,139
Changes in assumptions	14,526	82,666
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date ⁽²⁾	N/A	10,337
Total	30,920	95,142

⁽²⁾Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end should be reflected.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	ended	December 31:
		2024

2021	10,782
2022	10,780
2023	10,712
2024	16,710
2025	4,901
Thereafter(3)	-

⁽³⁾Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The funds in the plan are held by the Public Employees Benefit Service Corporation, Columbus, Ohio (PEBSCO) as the plan administrator for the County. This plan qualifies under the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, Subsection g. The funds are held in trust by PEBSCO for the exclusive benefits of the employees and their beneficiaries. who will receive these funds directly from PEBSCO. Since these funds are directly remitted by PEBSCO to the County employees and their beneficiaries, the County no longer owns the amounts deferred by the employees or related income on these amounts. Therefore, since the plan does not qualify to be included with the County's fiduciary funds, there are not any plan assets included in the County's financial statements.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has utilized the purchase of commercial insurance to cover any potential losses. Except for minimal deductibles, the County has transferred risk of loss to commercial issuers. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the year ended December 31, 2021 or the three prior years.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the opinion of County Attorney and management, there is no pending or threatened litigation against the County that would have a material effect on the County's financial position or operations.

The County participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

14. COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

Operating Leases:

The County leases equipment. Most of the leases are cancelable.

Minimum lease commitments for the next five years are immaterial.

15. FUND BALANCES

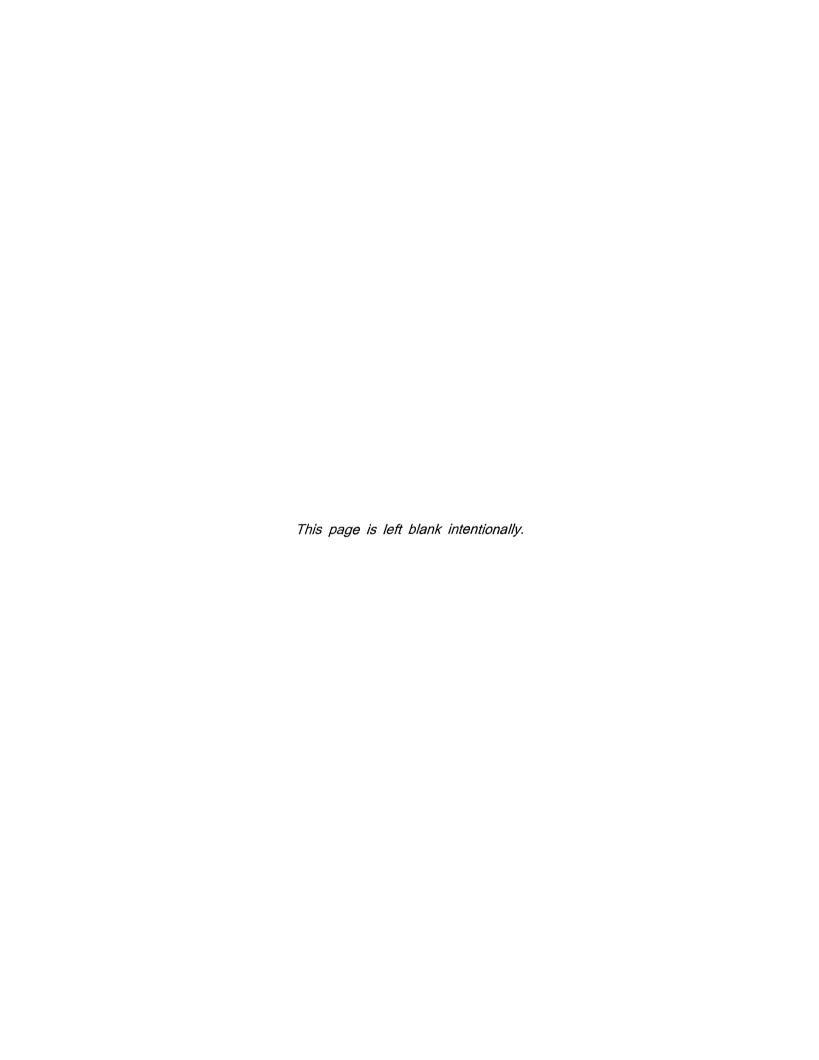
The following is a summary of Governmental fund balances of the County at December 31, 2021:

GENERAL FUND Unassigned	15,784,063
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND Committed: Highways, Streets and Bridges	25,954,316
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Restricted:	
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	89,064
Law Enforcement	268,213
Other	16,024
TOTAL RESTRICTED	373,301
Committed: Solid Waste Airport Courthouse Security County Clerk Records Management Records Mgmt. and Preservation Indigent Health Justice Technology County and District Technology TOTAL COMMITTED	153,996 42,634 23,587 255,103 5,638 239,315 72,353 7,443 800,069
TOTAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE	1,173,370
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE	42,911,749

16. RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING EQUITY

During the year, management continued reviewing the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and determined that additional funds should have been reported as Special Revenue Funds in the prior year. Beginning Equity has been restated, as follows:

	Other Governmental Funds			Net Position	
	Sheriff State Forfeiture	Sheriff Abandoned Vehicle	Jail Commissary	Library	Governmental Activities
Beginning Equity, as Originally Stated	-	-	-	-	60,426,207
Restatements for GASB No. 84	66,367	20,187	81,191	10,614	178,357
Beginning Equity, as Restated	66,367	20,187	81,191	10,614	60,604,564



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Major General and Special Revenue Funds Budgetary Comparisons

The following are the Major governmental funds of the County:

The General Fund is utilized to account for all County revenues and expenditures except those which are required by law to be classified in other funds and such other funds that are presented separately to facilitate proper accountability.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund is used to account for costs associated with the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in the County. Revenues are derived primarily from ad valorem taxes, vehicle registration charges, State Lateral Road Distribution funds, and interest.

NOTES

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information provide information on the County's budget process.

TCDRS PENSION PLAN

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions

TCDRS OPEB PLAN

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios



LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	5,850,000	5,850,000	8,809,927	2,959,927
Licenses and Permits	21,400	21,400	28,676	7,276
Intergovernmental	425,956	550,950	1, 0 49,874	498,924
Fees	1,079,550	1,097,266	1,600,996	503,730
Fines and Forfeitures	496,000	496,000	519,241	23,241
Investment Income	51,600	51,600	(9,468)	(61,068)
Other	21,685	21,685	108,889	87,204
Total Revenues	7,946,191	8,088,901	12,108,135	4,019,234
EXPENDITURES Current				
General Government	1,870,262	1,673,700	917,033	756,667
Judicial	711,413	711,413	645,929	65,484
Elections	-	-	-	-
Financial	1,383,261	1,572,761	1,489,595	83,166
Legal	944,709	944,709	868,670	76,039
Public Facilities	1,288,417	1,253,417	363,097	890,320
Environmental Protection	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	5,463,612	5,463,612	5,039,323	424,289
Highways, Streets & Bridges	-			
Health and Welfare	825,873	958,867	748,494	210,373
Culture and Recreation	188,731	223,731	173,521	50,210
Conservation	123,330	158,762	123,266	35,496
Economic Development	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	•	-	-
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	40.700.600	42.060.072	10 260 020	2,592,044
Total Expenditures	12,799,608	12,960,972	10,368,928	2,592,044
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(4,853,417)	(4,872,071)	1,739,207	6,611,278
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	(47E 000)	(475,000)	(456,167)	18,833
Transfers Out	(475,000)	(475,000)		18,833
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(475,000)	(470,000)	(456,167)	10,033
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,328,417)	(5,347,071)	1,283,040	6,630,111
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14,501,023	14,501,023	14,501,023	
Fund Balance at End of Year	9,172,606	9,153,952	15,784,063	6,630,111
The second secon				

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	6,465,000	6,465,000	7,789,217	1,324,217
Licenses and Permits	460,000	460,000	492,224	32,224
Intergovernmental	95,000	2,296,456	544,430	(1,752,026)
Investment Income	71,000	71,000	102,761	31,761
Other	7,004,000	0.000.450	31,389	31,389
Total Revenues	7,091,000	9,292,456	8,960,021	(332,435)
EXPENDITURES Current				
General Administration	-	-	471.440	(40.450)
Financial	161,656	161,656	174,112	(12,456)
Environmental Protection	20.470	26.470	•	36,479
Public Safety	36,479	36,479 11,196,692	6,283,557	4,913,135
Highways, Streets and Bridges Culture & Recreation	8,440,372	11,190,092	0,203,337	4,813,133
Debt Service	-	-	_	_
Principal Retirement	_	_	-	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_		-	-
Total Expenditures	8,638,507	11,394,827	6,457,669	4,937,158
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				4 00 4 700
Over Expenditures	(1,547,507)	(2,102,371)	2,502,352	4,604,723
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In Transfers Out	-	-	-	
Transiers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,547,507)	(2,102,371)	2,502,352	4,604,723
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	23,451,964	23,451,964	23,451,964	
Fund Balance at End of Year	21,904,457	21,349,593	25,954,316	4,604,723

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2021

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County. He usually requests and relies on the assistance of the County Auditor to prepare the annual budget. After being furnished budget guidelines by the Commissioners Court, the County Judge, with the help of the County Auditor, prepares an estimate of revenues and a compilation of requested departmental expenditures and submits this data to the Commissioners Court.

The Commissioners Court invites various department heads to appear for a hearing concerning the department's budget request. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available resources. Also, amendments can be made within the above guidelines.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of Commissioners Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. Appropriations lapse at year end. The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is on an object class basis.

The Commissioners Court may levy taxes only in accordance with the budget. After final approval of the budget, the Commissioners Court may spend County funds only in strict compliance with the budget except in an emergency. The Commissioners Court may authorize an emergency expenditure as an amendment to the original budget only in a case of grave public necessity to meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could have not been included in the original budget through the use of reasonable diligent thought and attention. If the court amends the original budget to meet an emergency, the court must file a copy of its order amending the budget with the County Clerk and the clerk shall attach the copy to the original budget. Only the Commissioners Court may amend the budget and shift funds from one budget account to another.

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners Court and filed with the County Clerk. Amendments are made during the year and approved by the Commissioners Court. During the current year the budget was amended. Both the original and final amended budgets are presented in this report.

Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a modified accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). Except for the Sheriff Forfeiture Federal Justice, Sheriff Forfeiture Federal Treasury, Sheriff State Forfeiture, Sheriff Abandoned Vehicle, Jail Commissary, Library, and Buyout Program Funds, budgets were adopted for all governmental funds in 2021.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended December 31			
	2020	2019	2018	
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	797,330	793,724	776,456	
Interest on total pension liability	1,921,271	1,785,891	1,668,570	
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	1,322,366	-	-	
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(296,342)	31,431	(181,932)	
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(996,092)	(892,500)	(773,733)	
Net change in total pension liability	2,748,533	1,718,546	1,489,361	
Total pension liability, beginning	23,410,417	21,691,871	20,202,510	
Total pension liability, ending (a)	26,158,950	23,410,417	21,691,871	
Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions	1,186,438	624,292	612,643	
Member contributions	385,641	350,726	344,183	
Investment income net of investment expenses	2,452,413	3,336,910	(380,357)	
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(996,092)	(892,500)	(773,733)	
Administrative expenses	(19,578)	(18,081)	(16,321)	
Other	19,395	6,131	7,517	
Net change in fiduciary net position	3,028,217	3,407,477	(206,069)	
Fiduciary net position, beginning	23,727,749	20,320,272	20,526,341	
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	26,755,966	23,727,749	20,320,272	
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	(597,017)	(317,333)	1,371,599	
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	102.28%	101.36%	93.68%	
Pensionable covered payroll	5,509,157	5,010,374	4,916,893	
Net pension liability / (asset) as a % of covered payroll	-10.84%	-6.33%	27.90%	

The County will continue to add data until ten years are presented.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015 and prior information is not available.

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Year Ended December 31

	Tear Ended December 31						
2017	2016	2015	2014				
826,760	864,679	743,652	625,886				
1,552,453	1,405,541	1,307,199	1,174,153				
1,002,400	1,400,041	(102,093)	1,174,100				
211,794	-	188,204	_				
(309,814)	(107,130)	(282,015)	364,659				
(820,065)	(686,921)	(630,102)	(614,434)				
1,461,128	1,476,169	1,224,845	1,550,263				
1,101,120	.,,	1,221,010	,,000,200				
18,741,382	17,265,213	16,040,368	14,490,105				
20,202,510	18,741,382	17,265,213	16,040,368				
605,901	1,122,513	1,147,673	1,188,491				
340,395	349,727	342,426	305,031				
2,601,736	1,172,031	(211,110)	898,680				
(820,065)	(686,921)	(630,102)	(614,434)				
(13,651)	(12,739)	(11,154)	(10,964)				
1,563	102,057	23,324	46,763				
2,715,879	2,046,668	661,058	1,813,567				
17,810,461	15,763,793	15,102,735	13,289,169				
20,526,340	17,810,461	15,763,793	15,102,736				
(323,830)	930,921	1,501,420	937,633				
101.60%	95.03%	91.30%	94.15%				
4,862,792	4,996,113	4,891,806	4,357,590				
-6.66%	18.63%	30.69%	21.52%				

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2011	308,517	321,686	(13,169)	2,581,734	12.5%
2012	365,841	619,997	(254,156)	2,969,486	20.9%
2013	677,838	1,177,829	(499,991)	3,740,827	31.5%
2014	688,491	1,188,491	(500,000)	4,357,590	27.3%
2015	647,673	1,147,673	(500,000)	4,891,806	23.5%
2016	595,037	1,122,513	(527,476)	4,996,113	22.5%
2017	563,598	605,901	(42,303)	4,862,792	12.5%
2018	574,293	612,643	(38,349)	4,916,893	12.5%
2019	580,201	624,292	(44.091)	5,010,374	12.5%
2020	666,057	1,186,438	(520,381)	5,509,157	21.5%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

_		Year Ended De	ecember 31	
	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	15,306	11,177	13,214	13,082
Interest on total OPEB liability	10,040	11,421	10,387	10,821
Effect of plan changes	-	-	_	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	40,251	67,654	(29,055)	12,070
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(10,840)	3,209	(6,966)	(11,634)
Benefit payments	(9,916)	(9,520)	(8,359)	(9,239)
Net change in total OPEB liability	44,841	83,941	(20,779)	15,100
Total OPEB liability, beginning	356,036	272,095	292,874	277,774
Total OPEB liability, ending	400,877	356,036	272,095	292,874
Pensionable covered payroll	5,509,157	5,010,374	4,916,893	4,862,792
Net OPEB liability / (asset) as a % of covered payroll	7.28%	7.11%	5.53%	6.02%

The County will continue to add data until ten years are presented.

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018 and prior information is not available.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





ASSETS	Solid Waste Disposal	Airport	Courthouse Security	Co Clerk Records Management	Records Mgmt and Preservation	indigent Health	Justice Technology	County and District Technology Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	162,423	43,735	24,043	258,009	6,128	252,599	72,353	7,443
Receivables Taxes Receivable	-	_			•	-	_	
Due from Other Funds	•	-		-	-	-	-	•
Due from Others	225	10.705		250,000	6,128	252,599	72,353	7,443
Total Assets	162,648	43,735	24,043	258,009	6,128	252,599	12,353	7,443
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	8,116	949	92	2,906	490	13,284		_
Due to Other Funds	0,110	-		2,500	-		-	-
Accrued Wages	536	152	364	•	-	•	•	-
Uneamed Revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES	8.652	1,101	456	2,906	490	13,284	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,002	1,101	400	2,300	430	10,204		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes		•		-	•			
Deferred Revenues - Properly Taxes	-	•	-	-	•		-	-
Advanced Tax Collections TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					-	-		-
TOTAL DEPERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-	-				
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for Debt Service		-			-			•
Restricted for Public Safety				-				
Committed	153,996	42,634	23,587	255,103 255,103	5,638 5,638	239,315	72,353	7,443 7,443
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	153,996	42,634	23,007	200,103	5,030	209,015	12,000	1,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	162,648	43,735	24,043	258,009	6,128	252,599	72,353	7,443

SPECIAL REV	/ENUE FUNDS								
Shenff Forfeiture Federal Justice	Sheriff Forfeiture Federal Treasury	Sheriff State Forfeiture	Sherif Abandoned Vehicle	Jail Commissary	Library	Buyout Program	Total Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024		1,110,970	476,767	1,587,737
-	-		-	-	•		-	158,003	158,003
				<u> </u>	-	2,247,867	2,248,092	26,998	2,275,090
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024	2,247,867	3,359,062	661,768	4,020,830
•	•	•	•	•	-	11,377	37,214	:	37,214
•		•		•		-	1,052	-	1,052
					•	2,236,490	2,236,490		2,236,490
*	-		*	·	-	2,247,867	2,274,756	-	2,274,756
	_	_	_	_		_	_	39,538	39,538
-	-	-	-		-	-	-	118,465	118,465
		-	-	-				414,701	414,701
*	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>		572,704	572,704
	-		-	<u>.</u>				89,064	89,064
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024		284,237	•	284,237
	-		-			-	800,069		800,069
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024		1,084,306	89,064	1,173,370
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024	2,247,867	3,359,062	661,768	4,020,830

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	Solid Waste Disposal 76,025 706 5,827 82,558	95,786 - 359 80,478 176,623	Courthouse Secunty - 22,576 446 - 23,022	Co Clerk Records Management 73,935 895	Records Mgmt and Preservation 7,456 26 7,482	Indigent Health - - - - -	Justice Technology - 14,967 258 - 15,225	County and District Technology Fund
EXPENDITURES								
Current				44.450				
General Administration	-	-	-	44,458	4,604	-	•	-
Judicial	•	•	28,885	•	4,004	-	9,308	
Legal Public Facilities	-	•	•	-	-	-	9,300	
Environmental Protection	207,204	-	_	_			_	
Public Safety	201,204	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Health and Welfare	_	_	_	-		73,349	_	_
Culture and Recreation		_	-	-		-		
Conservation	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Airport	-	270,353	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-					-	
Total Expenditures	207,204	270,353	28,885	44,458	4,604	73,349	9,308	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(124,646)	(93,730)	(5,863)	30,372	2,878	(73,349)	5,917	300
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	175,000	31,167	-	•	-	250,000	-	-
Transfers Out		-		-	-		<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	175,000	31,167			*	250,000	- _	
Net Change In Fund Balances	50,354	(62,563)	(5,863)	30,372	2,878	176,651	5,917	300
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year (Restated)	103,642	105,197	29,450	224,731	2,760	62,664	66,436	7,143
Fund Balances at End of Year	153,996	42.634	23,587	255,103	5,638	239,315	72,353	7,443
, and balances at bits of real		12,001	20,001					

	REVENUE FUNDS	·····	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Sheriff Forfeiture Federal Justice	Shenff Forfeiture Federal Treasury	Sheriff State Forfeiture	Sheriff Abandoned Vehicle	Jail Commissary	Library	Buyout Program	Total Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	548,051	548,05
	.	<u>.</u>			8,005	11,378	115,169	-	115,169
3,731 114	28,091 87	58,316 219	112,421 16	86,732	4,469 59	-	488,991 3,213	459	488,99 3,67
114	0/	219	10	:	10,644		96,949	405	96,94
3,845	28,178	58,535	112,437	86,732	23,177	11,378	704,322	548,510	1,252,83
-	-	-	-	_	-	-	44,458	-	44,45
-	•	-	-	-	-	-	33,489	-	33,48
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,308	-	9,30
-	-	-	-	-	-	•		•	
					•	•	207,204	-	207,20
18,974	32,009	108,000	38,590	55,019	-	•	252,592	-	252,59
-	-	-	•	-	- 17,767	•	73,349 17,767	-	73,34 17,76
•	-	•	•	•	17,707	11,378	11,378	-	11,37
•	-	-	•	-	-	11,370	270,353	•	270,35
-	-	•	•	-	•	_	270,555	-	270,00
-	-	-	-		_	-	-	340,000	340,00
-		-	-			-		193,930	193,93
18,974	32,009	108,000	38,590	55,019	17,767	11,378	919,898	533,930	1,453,82
		_							
(15,129)	(3,831)	(49,465)	73,847	31,713	5,410		(215,576)	14,580	(200 99
			_	_	_	_	456,167		456,16
_	-	-	-		•		400,101	-	400,10
				-	-	-	456,167	-	456,16
(15,129)	(3,831)	(49,465)	73,847	31,713	5,410		240,591	14,580	255,17
33,322	30,011	66,367	20,187	81,191	10,614		843,715	74,484	918,19
18,193	26,180	16,902	94,034	112,904	16,024	•	1,084,306	89,064	1,173,37

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	46,000 700 - 46,700	46,000 700 - 46,700	76,025 706 5,827 82,558	30,025 6 5,827 35,858
EXPENDITURES Environmental Protection Total Expenditures	266,727 266,727	266,727 266,727	207,204 207,204	59,523 59,523
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(220,027)	(220,027)	(124,646)	95,381
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	175,000 - 175,000	175,000 175,000	175,000 - 175,000	- - - -
Net Change in Fund Balance	(45,027)	(45,027)	50,354	95,381
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	103,642 58,615	103,642 58,615	103,642 153,996	95,381

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AIRPORT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	300 43,850 44,150	93,342 300 43,850 137,492	95,786 359 80,478 176,623	2,444 59 36,628 39,131
EXPENDITURES Airport Total Expenditures	124,496 124,496	274,496 274,496	270,353 270,353	4,143 4,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(80,346)	(137,004)	(93,730)	43,274
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000	50,000	31,167 - 31,167	(18,833) - (18,833)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,346)	(87,004)	(62,563)	24,441
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	105,197 74,851	105,197 18,193	105,197 42,634	24,441

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for Services	23,000	23,000	22,576	(424)
Investment Income Total Revenues	100 23,100	100 23,100	<u>446</u> 23,022	346 (78)
EXPENDITURES Judicial Legal	29,249	29,249 -	28,885 -	364 -
Public Facilities Total Expenditures	29,249	29,249	28,885	364
Former (Definion or) of December				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,149)	(6,149)	(5,863)	286
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
·			, m)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,149)	(6,149)	(5,863)	286
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	29,450 23,301	29,450 23,301	29,450 23,587	286

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income Total Revenues	56,000 200 56,200	56,000 200 56,200	73,935 895 74,830	17,935 695 18,630
EXPENDITURES General Administration Total Expenditures	94,800 94,800	94,800 94,800	44,458 44,458	50,342 50,342
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(38,600)	(38,600)	30,372	68,972
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- - -		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,600)	(38,600)	30,372	68,972
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	224,731 186,131	224,731 186,131	224,731 255,103	- 68,972

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income Total Revenues	6,000 10 6,010	6,000 10 6,010	7,456 26 7,482	1,456 16 1,472
EXPENDITURES Judicial Total Expenditures	4,400 4,400	4,400 4,400	4,604 4,604	(204) (204)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,610	1,610_	2,878	1,268
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	- - - -	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,610	1,610	2,878	1,268
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	2,760 4,370	2,760 4,370	2,760 5,638	1,268

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 INDIGENT HEALTH FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	- - -		- - 	- - -
EXPENDITURES Health and Welfare Total Expenditures	250,000 250,000	250,000 250,000	73,349 73,349	176,651 176,651
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(250,000)	(250,000)	(73,349)	176,651
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	250,000 	250,000	250,000 	- - -
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	176,651	176,651
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	62,664 62,664	62,664 62,664	62,664 239,315	176,651

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
JUSTICE TECHNOLOGY FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous	17,000 100	17,000 100	14,967 258 	(2,033) 158
Total Revenues	17,100	17,100	15,225	(1,875)
EXPENDITURES Legal Total Expenditures	-	20,000	9,308 9,308	10,692 10,692
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	17,100	(2,900)	5,917	8,817
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- - -	
Net Change in Fund Balance	17,100	(2,900)	5,917	8,817
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	66,436 83,536	66,436 63,536	66,436 72,353	8,817

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 COUNTY AND DISTRICT TECHNOLOGY FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES Fees Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	600 40	600 40 - 640	272 28 - 300	(328) (12)
EXPENDITURES General Administration Legal Total Expenditures	500 500	500 500		500 500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	140_	140_	300	160
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	- - - -	-	- - -
Net Change in Fund Balance	140	140	300	160
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	7,143 7,283	7,143 7,283	7,143 7,443	- 160





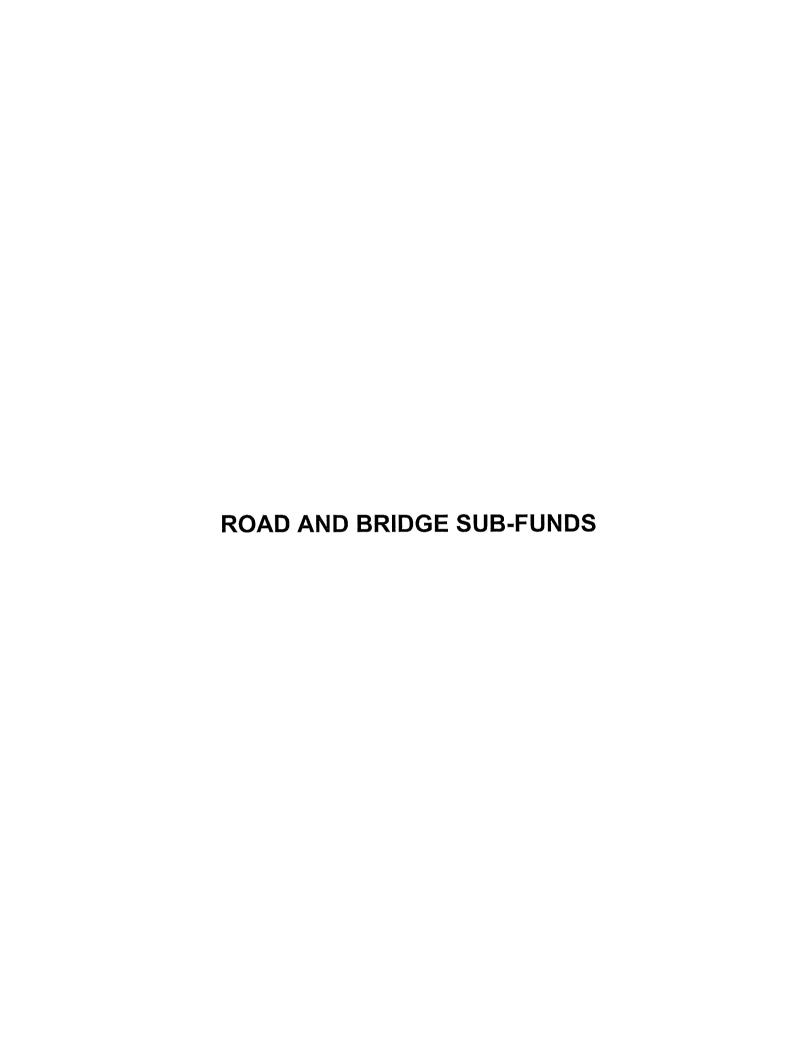


LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS DEBT SERVICE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

ACCETC	2021	2020
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	476,767	397,115
Taxes Receivable Due From Other Funds	158,003 -	170,687 57,165
Due From Others TOTAL ASSETS	26,998 661,768	32,825 657,792
LIADULTICO		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes	39,538	38,220
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes Advanced Tax Collections	118,465 414,701	132,467 412,621
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	572,704	583,308
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted for Debt Service Total Fund Balances	89,064 89,064	74,484 74,484
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	661,768	657,792_

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	5 40.000	540.000	540.054	00.054
Taxes	510,000	510,000	548,051	38,051
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	400	100	- 459	359
Investment Income Other	100	100	409	309
Total Revenues	510,100	510,100	548,510	38,410
Total Revenues	510,100	510,100		
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Administration	-	-	-	-
Financial	-	-	-	-
Environmental Protection	-	-	-	_
Public Safety Conservation	-	-	_	_
Debt Service	-	-	_	-
Principal Retirement	340,000	340,000	340,000	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	193,930	193,930	193,930	-
Total Expenditures	533,930	533,930	533,930	-
Total Experiatores				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(23,830)	(23,830)	14,580	38,410
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,830)	(23,830)	14,580	38,410
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	74,484	74,484	74,484	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	50,654	50,654	89,064	38,410



LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE SUB-FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

			ROAD
	Road and Bridge Precinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2	Road and Bridge Precinct 3
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables Taxes Receivable Due from Others Due from Road & Bridge Sub Fund Prepaid Items	1,359,917 - - 8,030 -	2,540,436 - - - - -	3,128,642 999,588 - - -
TOTAL ASSETS	1,367,947	2,540,436	4,128,230
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Road & Bridge Sub Fund Accrued Wages TOTAL LIABILITIES	136,436 - 4,277 140,713	26,823 - 3,884 30,707	4,479 - 2,414 6,893
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Property Taxes Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes Advanced Tax Collections TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
FUND BALANCES Committed	1,227,234	2,509,729	4,121,337
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	1,367,947	2,540,436	4,128,230

AND BRIDGE SUB-FUNDS

Road and Bridge Precinct 4 Road and Bridge General FM and Lateral Road Special Lateral Road and Bridge Fund 2,645,113 8,940,322 9,759,981 228,745 28,603,156 - 2,127,551 - 3,127,139 - 579,847 1,642,832 - 2,222,679 - 506,218 281,866 - 796,114 - - - - - 2,645,113 10,026,387 13,812,230 228,745 34,749,088 12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 239,229 - - 15,844 45,072 - 239,229 - - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316 2,645,113 10,026,387 13,						
2,645,113 8,940,322 9,759,981 228,745 28,603,156 - 579,847 1,642,832 - 2,222,679 - 506,218 281,866 - 796,114 - - - - 2,645,113 10,026,387 13,812,230 228,745 34,749,088 12,496 41,753 - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		Bridge	Bridge	Lateral	Lateral	Road and Bridge
2,127,551 - 3,127,139 - 579,847		F I COITICE 4	General	ittoau	Noau	runa
- 579,847 1,642,832 - 2,222,679 - 506,218 281,866 - 796,114		2,645,113	8,940,322		228,745	
- 506,218 281,866 - 796,114				2, 127,001		0,127,100
2,645,113 10,026,387 13,812,230 228,745 34,749,088 12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		-	579,847	1,642,832	-	2,222,679
12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543		-	506,218	281,866	-	796,114
12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543		-	•	-	-	-
12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543		-	-	-	-	-
12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543						
12,496 41,753 - - 221,987 - - - - - - 3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543	•	2,645,113	10,026,387	13,812,230	228,745	34,749,088
3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316	:					
3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316						
3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316						
3,348 3,319 - - 17,242 15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		12 496	41 753	_	_	221 987
15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		12,100	41,700	_	_	221,007
15,844 45,072 - - 239,229 - 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		3 348	3 310	_	_	17 242
- 114,081 301,503 - 415,584 - 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316				_		
- 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		10,044	40,072			200,220
- 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316						
- 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316						
- 465,766 1,341,329 - 1,807,095 - 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		_	114 081	301 503	_	415 584
- 1,630,469 4,702,395 - 6,332,864 - 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		_			_	
- 2,210,316 6,345,227 - 8,555,543 2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316		_	•		_	
2,629,269 7,770,999 7,467,003 228,745 25,954,316						
		_	2,210,310	0,343,221		0,000,040
		2 620 260	7 770 000	7 467 002	220 745	25.054.246
2,645,113 10,026,387 13,812,230 228,745 34,749,088		2,029,209	7,770,888	1, 4 01,003	ZZO, / 40	20,904,310
2,645,113 10,026,387 13,812,230 228,745 34,749,088						
2,040,113 10,020,301 13,012,230 220,143 34,149,088		2 645 442	10.026.297	12 912 220	220 745	24 740 000
	:	2,040,113	10,020,307	13,012,230	220,743	34,748,000

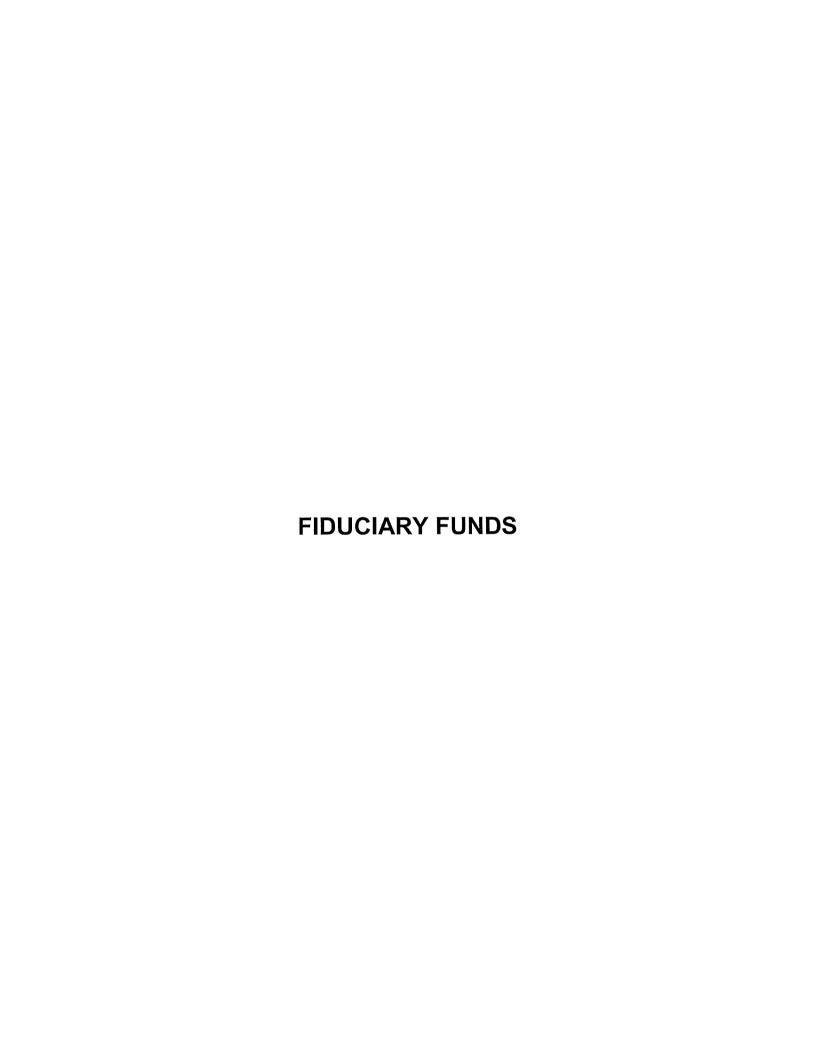
LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ROAD AND BRIDGE SUB-FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

DEVENUE O	Road and Bridge Precinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2
REVENUES		
Taxes Licenses and Permits	89,836	94,461
Intergovernmental Investment Income	6,951	9,926
Other	0,901	514
Total Revenues	96,787	104,901
Total Nevenues		
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Administration Financial	-	<u>-</u>
Environmental Protection	_	_
Public Safety	_	_
Highways, Streets and Bridges	1,497,864	698,995
Culture and Recreation	-	-
Debt Service		
Principal Retirement	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	- 4 407 00 4	
Total Expenditures	1,497,864	698,995
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,401,077)	(594,094)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In - From Road and Bridge Sub-Funds	1,284,000	998,400
Transfers Out - To Road and Bridge Sub-Funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,284,000	998,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	(117,077)	404,306
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,344,311	2,105,423
Fund Balances at End of Year	1,227,234	2,509,729

ROAD AND BRIDGE SUB-FUNDS

Road and Bridge Precinct 3	Road and Bridge Precinct 4	Road and Bridge General	FM and Lateral Road	Special Lateral Road	Total Road and Bridge Fund
89,836 - 16,632	92,961 - 10,307	2,059,383 125,130 519,960 32,482	5,729,834 - - 25,697	- - 24,470 766	7,789,217 492,224 544,430 102,761
106,468	103,268	30,875 2,767,830	5,755,531	25,236	31,389 8,960,021
- - -	- - -	- 87,056 -	87,056 -	- -	- 174,112 -
- 1,174,014 -	505,718 -	- 2,185,604 -	200,000	- 21,362 -	6,283,557 -
<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
1,174,014	505,718	2,272,660	287,056	21,362	6,457,669
(1,067,546)	(402,450)	495,170	5,468,475	3,874	2,502,352
921,600	636,000	1,050,000 (300,000) 750,000	(4,590,000) (4,590,000)		4,890,000 (4,890,000)
921,000	030,000	730,000	(4,090,000)		
(145,946)	233,550	1,245,170	878,475	3,874	2,502,352
4,267,283 4,121,337	2,395,719 2,629,269	6,525,829 7,770,999	6,588,528 7,467,003	224,871 228,745	23,451,964 25,954,316





LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	County Clerk	District Clerk	Justice's of the Peace	Tax Collector	Chpt 19 Elections
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	11 -	(28)	301 -	578,808 -	1
Due From Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	11	(28)	301	578,808	1
<u>LIABILITIES</u> <u>Current Liabilities</u>					
Accounts Payable Due to Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	***	-	-	-	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals or organizations	11	(28)	301	578,808	1
Total Net Position	11_	(28)	301	578,808	1

Sheriff	Sheriff Escrow	Bond Account	Health Dept	Sheriff Inmate Account	Historical Commission	Attorney Insufficient Funds	TOTAL
675	71	188,810	2,748	15,613	3,887	1,426	792,323
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
675	71	188,810	2,748	15,613	3,887	1,426	792,323
-		-	-	-	-	-	-
		——————————————————————————————————————		***		-	-
							200 055
675	71_	188,810	2,748	15,613	3,887	1,426_	792,323
675	71	188,810	2,748	15,613	3,887	1,426	792,323

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR DECEMBER 31, 2021

ADDITIONS Contributions:	
From other governments	-
	,625
Investment interest 111 27 294 2,860	-
Taxes and fees collected from other governments	-
Miscellaneous	-
Total Additions 597,374 134,686 1,037,025 18,539,843	,625
DEDUCTIONS	
Recipient payments 622,637 145,465 1,115,534 18,804,731	,625
Administrative expenses	-
Public safety	-
Total Deductions 622,637 145,465 1,115,534 18,804,731	1,625
Net increase (decrease) in fidiciary net position (25,263) (10,779) (78,509) (264,888)	-
Net position - beginning 25,274 10,751 78,810 843,696	1
Net position - ending 11 (28) 301 578,808	1_

Sheriff	Sheriff Escrow	Bond Account	Health Dept	Sheriff Inmate Account	Historical Commission	Attorney Insufficient Funds	TOTAL
101,270 21,830 303 -	9,410 6 - -	- 48,550 719 - -	29,709 4 - -	192,933 - - -	5,000 10,266 21	- - 6 -	106,270 20,619,959 4,351 -
123,403	9,416	49,269	29,713	192,933	15,287	6	20,730,580
127,270 - -	- - 9,345	31,813 - -	28,478 - -	62,300 - 124,963	- 14,245 -	65 - -	20,939,918 14,245 134,308
127,270	9,345	31,813	28,478	187,263	14,245	65	21,088,471
(3,867)	71	17,456	1,235	5,670	1,042	(59)	(357,891)
4,542 675	71	171,354 188,810	1,513 2,748	9,943 15,613	2,845 3,887	1,485 1,426	1,150,214 792,323







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fax



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Court Live Oak County, Texas George West, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Live Oak County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Live Oak County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 8, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Live Oak County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Live Oak County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Live Oak County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Live Oak County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP Corpus Christi, Texas

Lovver + Kierchnick, 229

September 8, 2023

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1. Fina	ancial Statements					
	Тур	pe of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmo</u>	dified			
	Int	ernal control over financial reporting:					
		One or more material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	_X_	No	
		One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	_X	None Reported	ť
		ncompliance material to financial tements noted?		Yes	_X_	No	
	2. Fede	eral Awards					
	A S	Single Audit was not required in the current year.					
В.	<u>Financi</u>	al Statement Findings					
	None						
C.	Federal	Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
	None						

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXASSUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Management's Explanatior
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented
N/A - No prior findings		

LIVE OAK COUNTY, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PROGRAM/	REFERENCE NUMBER

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

N/A

No corrective action required